Naturally, during the war period there was some decrease in loan demand but credit unions and their members continued their thrift programs and surplus funds were invested in Victory Bonds or in central credit unions and members financed their personal purchases of bonds through the credit union.

Co-operative credit in the Province of Quebec takes a somewhat different form from such organizations in other provinces. It dates back to 1940, when what are known as "Les Caisses Populaires", or People's Banks, were begun with the establishment of "La Caisse Populaire" at Lévis. The following principles were adopted: lending money only for approved purposes to carefully selected members in a restricted area; limited liability; issuing shares of small amount payable by instalments and withdrawable; and distribution of profits. These banks are for the most part established in agricultural districts. Loans are made to purchase agricultural implements at cash prices, to increase farm live stock, to improve farm buildings, to tide over periods of depression, to pay off debts, and for various similar purposes. The loans, though considered 'short credit', are for longer periods than are usual in ordinary commercial transactions because agricultural operations necessarily extend over longer periods than those of trade. They may be for 12, 15, or even 24 months, in order to give the farmer time to realize on his products.

In later years, other co-operatives such as the Quebec League and the Montreal Federation have carried on business but the great majority of loans in Quebec are still made by the Fédération des Caisses Populaires Desjardins.

24.—Summary Statistics of Credit Unions, by Provinces, 1945 Financial Year, with Totals for 1940-44

Province	Credit Unions Chart- ered	Credit Unions Report- ing	Mem- bers	Total Assets	Shares	Deposits	Loans Granted to Members in Latest Financial Year	Loans Granted Since Inception
	No.	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
P.E.I N.S N.B Que. ¹ —	52 218 155	52 218 148	8,239 33,645 32,168	457,202 2,567,055 2,614,561	323,187 2,315,909 2,340,024	111,958 70,250 126,929	250, 218 1, 723, 097 1, 345, 698	1,081,715 9,764,292 6,074,410
A. B. C. Ont.	908 15 9 266	908 9 9 248	371,211 2,624 11,486 53,728	$119,089,459^{2} \\ 552,822 \\ 5,362,558 \\ 6,893,683$	$7,367,379 \\114,330 \\467,324 \\2,894,638$	$107,213,042 \\ 186,414 \\ 4,648,976 \\ 3,324,558$	$25,000,000^{3} \\ 173,999 \\ 1,116,797 \\ 4,658,071$	209,735,6984 781,782 1,116,797 24,644,455
Man Sask. Alta. B.C.	100 172	97 172 169 145	16,616 25,563 18,128 17,386	1,419,972 3,715,813 1,512,583 1,705,181	2, 394, 038 563, 740 2, 012, 441 1, 127, 912 1, 433, 914	721,784 1,303,599 280,137 147,646	4,038,071 1,303,575 2,488,964 1,549,792 1,595,426	24,044,433 3,331,833 6,060,609 4,109,037 3,667,006
Totals, 1945 1944 1943 1943 1942 1941 1940	2,219 2,051 1,780 1,486 1,314 1,167	2,175 1,993 1,759 1,445 1,291 1,144	590,794 478,841 374,069 295,984 238,463 201,137	145,890,889 92,574,440 69,219,654 43,971,925 31,230,813 25,069,685	20,960,798 13,011,976 10,057,850 7,141,756 5,764,514 4,064,206	118,135,293 75,694,723 15,444,319 22,703,312 33,644,782 55,522,985	41,205,637 5 53,008,826 6 32,196,637 17,463,545 11,486,827 9,219,238	270,367,634 228,922,559 174,752,099 142,555,462 125,091,917 113,605,090

Note.—The credit union financial year of the provinces end on the following dates: P.E.I., N.S. and N.B., Sept. 30; Que., Ont., Man., Sask., Alta. and B.C., Dec. 31.

¹A-Fédération des Caisses Populaires Desjardins (see text above). B-Quebec League. C-Montreal Federation. ²Assets, shares and deposits of caisses regionales not included. ³Estimated loans to members only, not including investment loans. ⁴ Includes approximately \$52,250,000 investment loans since 1926. ⁵ Does not include investment loans. ⁶ Includes \$20,006,340 investment loans by Caisses Populaires in 1944.